A Bioactive Prodelphinidin from Mangifera indica Leaf Extract

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catechin (3), and epigallocatechin (4), and three dimeric proanthocyanidins, 5-7, from the air-dried leaves of Mangifera indica. Their chemical structures were determined on the basis

and $\hat{5}$ -7 exhibited moderate inhibition against COX-1.

Key words: Mangifera indica, Proanthocyanidins, COX Inhibitor

* Author for correspondence and reprint requests Z. Naturforsch. **65 c**, 322–326 (2010); received January 18/March 4, 2010 A new trimeric proanthocyanidin, epigallocatechin-3-O-gallat-(4 8)-epigallocatechin-8)-catechin (1), was isolated together with three known flavan-3-ols, catechin (2), epi-

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of 1D- and 2D-NMR spectra (HSQC, HMBC) of their peracetylated derivatives, MALDI-TOF-mass spectra, and by acid-catalyzed degradation with phloroglucinol. The isolated com-

pounds 1-7 were in vitro tested for their inhibitory activities against COX-1 and COX-2. Compound 1 was found to have a potent inhibitory effect on COX-2, while compounds 1